You receive calls from debt collectors for debts that don’t belong to you.
You receive a notice from the IRS that someone used your Social Security number.
Mail, email or calls about accounts, or jobs in your minor child’s name.
Unwarranted collection notices on your credit report.
Businesses decline your checks.
You’re unexpectedly denied a loan or job.

Standard procedure if your personal information has been compromised…
- Contact the police
- Immediately close all accounts
- Open new accounts with different pin numbers or passwords
- Start a secure file of all correspondence
- Contact 3 major credit bureaus and place a “fraud alert” on your report

Safeguarding your password:
1. Create password with a minimum of 12 characters
2. Mix letters, numbers and special characters
3. Consider a unique phrase, add numbers at the beginning and end
4. Never write your password down or store it on your computer
5. Change your password regularly, and immediately if you suspect someone has guessed it

Annual Credit Reports –
Consumers are eligible to one free credit report from each bureau per year, so you can stagger requests and receive a report every four months.

To get your free credit report:
Log on - www.annualcreditreport.com
Call - 1-877-322-8228 or
Write - Annual Credit Report request
P.O. Box 105283
Atlanta, GA 30348-5283

Equifax: 1-800-525-6285, www.equifax.com

Veterans Crisis Hotline:
1-800-273-8255
Each year, 17 million Americans have their personal information stolen. This includes their name, Social Security number, bank account, or credit card numbers. Scammers use this information to open credit cards or bank accounts, pay for utilities, and secure benefits such as health care or government assistance. Having your identity stolen can harm your finances and credit history, damage your reputation, and even prevent you from getting a job. Recovering from identity theft can be frustrating, expensive, and time-consuming.

Military veterans are at an even higher risk due to the additional government benefits they receive. Identity thieves will appeal to their patriotism or exploit elements of a military lifestyle, like frequent travel, to steal their hard-earned benefits.

Scammers operate in a variety of ways, and as Attorney General I’m committed to helping every Pennsylvanian prevent identity theft and prosecuting anyone who perpetrates it. This brochure includes tips on how to prevent identity theft, how to recognize the signs that your personal information may have been compromised, and the steps to take if think your identity has been stolen.

ID Theft Tactics

There are several methods scammers use to steal your information. Some are sophisticated, using mail, phone or online scams. Others include taking advantage of documents left unattended in open view such as taking mail from an unsecured mailbox or going through the trash. Scammers will “dumpster dive” to steal personal information. Some use old school tactics like pickpocketing, stealing records or keeping a restaurant customer’s credit card information. In fact 55 percent of ID theft is perpetrated by someone the victim knows.

Practical Tips for Combating ID Theft

■ Use ATMs inside banks and stores. ATMs located outside can be tampered with more easily.
■ Never give out banking, credit card or Social Security numbers to people who initially contact you by phone or email. Look up the caller’s information on your own to confirm the request.
■ Don’t complete unsolicited surveys or popups.
■ Verify a charity before you donate -- in Pennsylvania, check with the Department of State.
■ Caller ID displays can be manipulated by thieves; don’t trust that they’re correct.
■ Make shredding materials with your personal information standard procedure. A crosscut shredder is best.
■ Be careful of information you keep on iPads, smartphones, netbooks, laptops, etc. because they’re easily stolen and compromised.
■ Steer clear of public or shared photocopiers because they have a digital memory; instead use a home scanner, or if using a public copier use correction tape to cover personal data and handwrite the information on copies.
■ Opt out of junk mail by logging onto www.dmachoice.org; and for unsolicited credit card offers www.optoutprescreen.com, or call 1-888-5-OPT-OUT.
■ Use a mailbox that locks.
■ Keep a security box in your home and affix it to a closet wall or floor so it can’t be removed easily.
■ Always verify websites, don’t trust a link that comes in an unsolicited email.
■ Never pay taxes or a fee in order to claim a prize. In fact, a random phone call, letter or email indicating you have won a prize is most likely a hoax to scam you.

Red Flags of Identity Theft -

If you experience one or more of the following indicators, an identity theft may have occurred.

■ Errors on your bank account, credit card or other account statement.
■ Mistakes in the explanation of medical benefits of your health plan.
■ Your regular bills or account statements don’t arrive on time.
■ You receive bills or collection notices for products or services you never received.